

## **APPENDIX I: CALCULATING A PROXIMITY FACTOR**

**Introduction:** The importance of proximity between the impact and mitigation sites will vary with the individual wetland function being considered. Simple arithmetic is deceptive in determining replacement of wetland functions. Replacement is not a single matter of equivalency. It depends upon the context. While a mitigation bank proposal may numerically compensate for the loss of a given wetland function, different components of the broader ecological system would be benefited and different landowners and segments of the population would be benefited and burdened. Therefore, the destruction of wetland functions and their replacement at other sites need to be assessed in the hydrologic and ecological context. The following is an example of a method to calculate a proximity factor (multiplier). Other methods to calculate a proximity factor may be considered by the MBRT.

The usual suite of wetland functions were lumped into two broad categories which were used to determine common quantifiable variables directly affecting the ability of a mitigation bank to provide successful ecological replacement for lost wetland functions. These two categories are habitat and hydrology. Functions were categorized by considering if they were only applicable within the watershed of the impact site being impacted. With the exception of wildlife habitat support for some species, most functions are best offset within the same watershed. Therefore, no proximity factor is applied to impacts within the same 8-digit HUC as the mitigation bank. However, the MBRT recognized that the relevance of a mitigation effort is diminished as the primary watersheds of the mitigation site and impact site become further removed. Diminishing relevance expresses the relationship of the mitigation bank service area and how it relates to the impact site. We also need to compensate for the relative importance of these functions to the watersheds of the impact site and the mitigation bank. To do this, the proportion of functions performed in the watershed of the impact site is compared to the sum of the amount of functions available in both the impact site and mitigation bank watersheds. A simple way to numerically score this concept is to proportionally relate the area of the impact site watershed to the total area of both watersheds.

**Out-of-basin:** The MBRT discourages mitigation outside of the basin (Figure 1). However, this will be considered by the regulatory agencies on a case-by-case basis for situations such as; linear projects, projects in close proximity to the basin line, situations where there is no ecologically preferable alternative, etc. In the event out-of-basin mitigation is allowed, the proximity factor will be subject to an additional multiplier of 1.5 to compensate for the diminished relevance of hydrologic function compensation.

### **Methodology:**

$$Px = \sqrt{(\#HUCS) + \frac{IA}{IA + BA}}$$

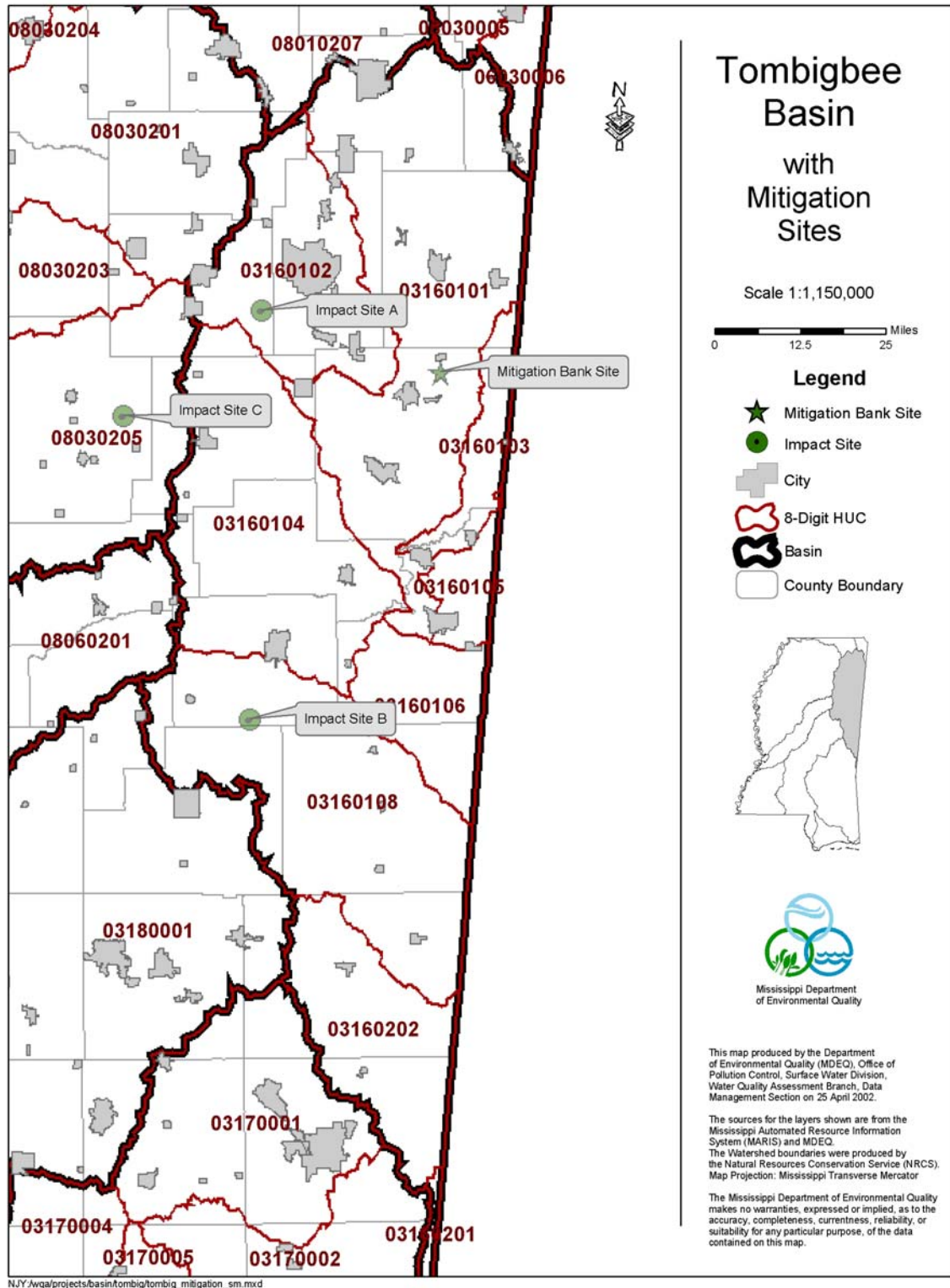
Where:

**Px** = The proximity factor (multiplier) [2 decimal places]

**#HUCS** = The number of 8-digit HUC watersheds contacting a line between the impact site and the bank site's HUC (See attached)

IA = The area of the 8-digit HUC in which the impact site is located (see Table 1)

BA = The area of the 8-digit HUC in which the mitigation bank is located (see Table 1)



**Example #1:**

Impact Site A is in the 03160102 HUC. The mitigation bank is in the 03160101 HUC.

From Table 1:

**#HUCS = 1**

**IA = 439430.07**

**BA = 1061534.36**

$$Px = \sqrt{(1) + \frac{439430.07}{\frac{439430.07 + 1061534.36}{2}}}$$

$$Px = 1.07$$

**Example #2**

Impact Site B is in the 03160108 HUC.

**#HUCS = 2**

**IA = 819569.61**

**BA = 1061534.36**

$$Px = 1.49$$

**Example #3**

Impact Site C is in the 08030205 HUC

**#HUCS = 2**

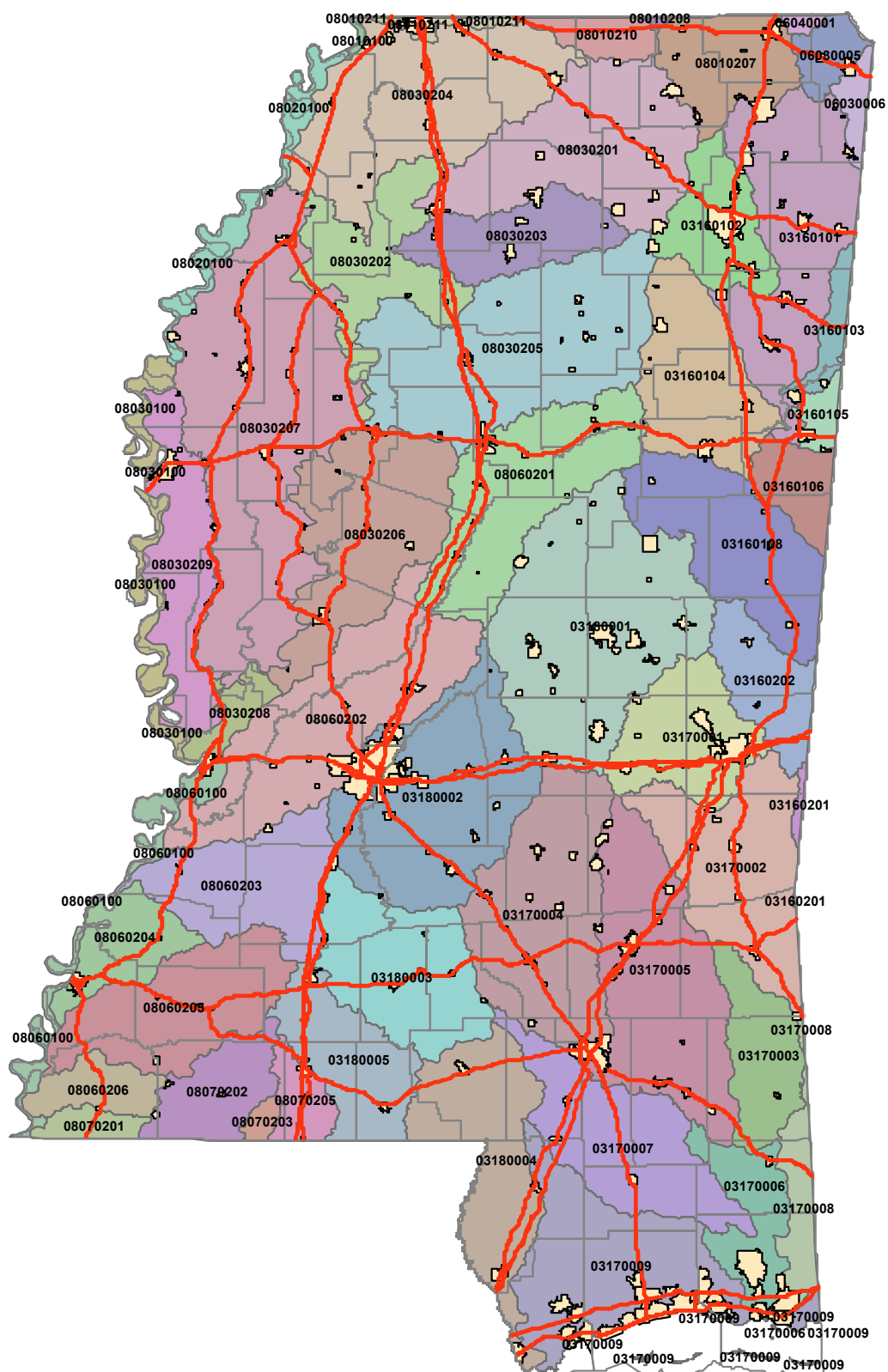
**IA = 1471858.68**

**BA = 1061534.36**

$$Px = 1.51$$

**Out-of-Basin Multiplier = 1.5**

$$\text{Total} = 1.51 \times 1.5 = \underline{\underline{2.27}}$$



**Table 1. Mississippi 8-Digit Hydrologic Unit Code (HUC) Area in Acres**

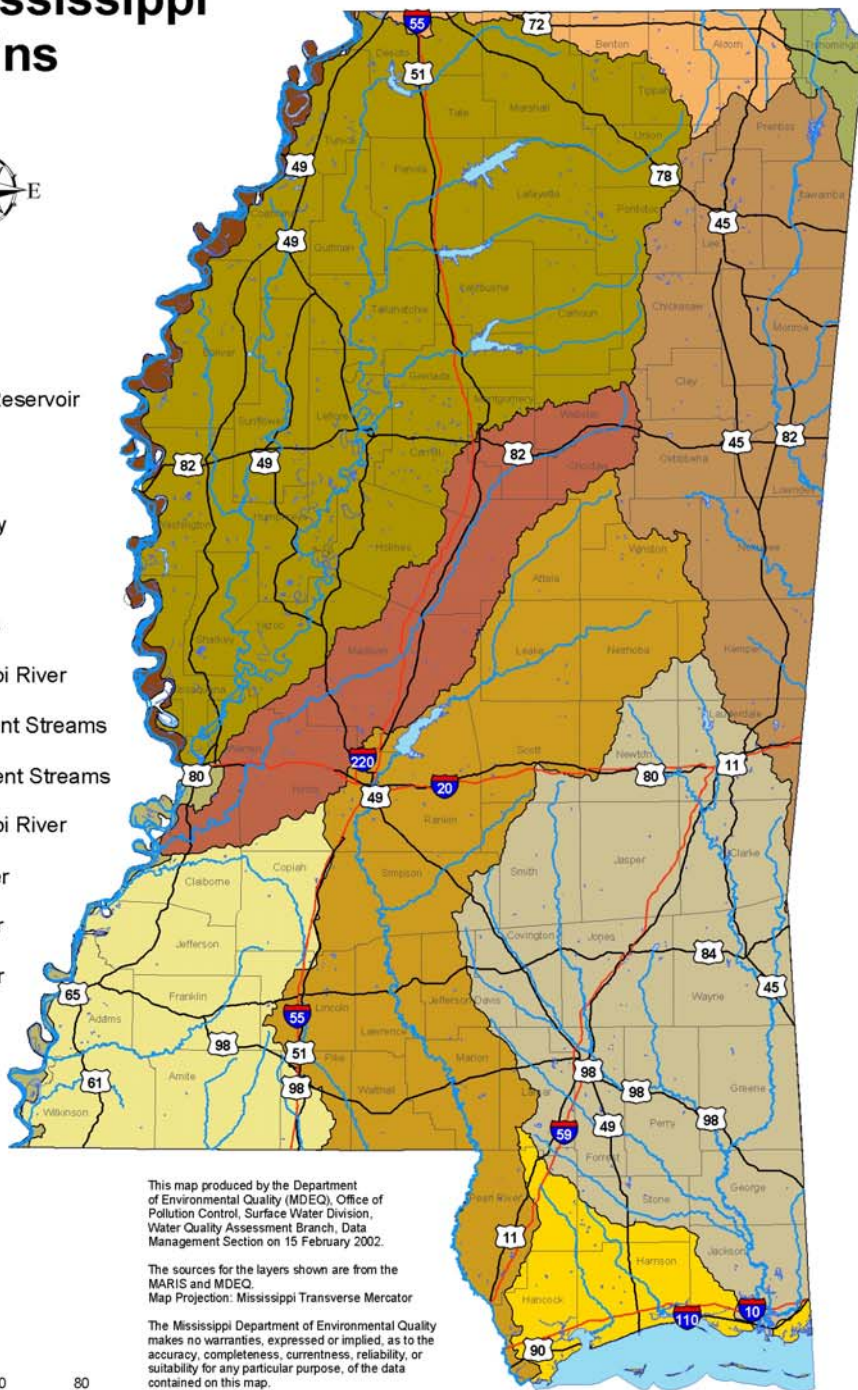
| HUC      | SUM_ACRES    |
|----------|--------------|
| 03160101 | 1061534.3600 |
| 03160102 | 439430.0700  |
| 03160103 | 127879.7900  |
| 03160104 | 716016.8100  |
| 03160105 | 91152.9300   |
| 03160106 | 230304.0300  |
| 03160108 | 819569.6100  |
| 03160201 | 22610.2600   |
| 03160202 | 380269.2400  |
| 03170001 | 580537.0100  |
| 03170002 | 884603.9900  |
| 03170003 | 425303.2800  |
| 03170004 | 1121090.5200 |
| 03170005 | 1167114.0900 |
| 03170006 | 388373.3600  |
| 03170007 | 811268.8600  |
| 03170008 | 219759.5100  |
| 03170009 | 1049864.2100 |
| 03180001 | 1574422.9300 |
| 03180002 | 1267270.9000 |
| 03180003 | 783769.4100  |
| 03180004 | 818430.3400  |
| 03180005 | 537812.6800  |
| 06030005 | 151161.5000  |
| 06030006 | 93559.3400   |
| 06040001 | 24441.7400   |
| 08010100 | 13232.9000   |
| 08010207 | 461093.3000  |
| 08010208 | 8565.2800    |
| 08010210 | 157773.4200  |
| 08010211 | 53925.7900   |
| 08020100 | 252347.7200  |
| 08030100 | 270773.2200  |
| 08030201 | 1055696.4000 |
| 08030202 | 646591.7100  |
| 08030203 | 482034.3800  |
| 08030204 | 1231632.4500 |
| 08030205 | 1471858.6800 |
| 08030206 | 985323.6700  |
| 08030207 | 2021408.6200 |
| 08030208 | 136517.2100  |
| 08030209 | 589554.7900  |
| 08060100 | 235018.7600  |
| 08060201 | 945809.4400  |
| 08060202 | 1217227.5100 |
| 08060203 | 688519.7600  |
| 08060204 | 343635.7300  |
| 08060205 | 783742.9000  |
| 08060206 | 222406.8200  |
| 08070201 | 106588.9800  |
| 08070202 | 371076.7700  |
| 08070203 | 43167.4100   |
| 08070205 | 166115.2300  |

# State of Mississippi Basins



## Legend

- River or Stream
- Lake, Pond, or Reservoir
- Interstate
- Highway
- County Boundary
- Big Black River
- Coastal Streams
- Lower Mississippi River
- North Independent Streams
- South Independent Streams
- Upper Mississippi River
- Pascagoula River
- Tennessee River
- Tombigbee River
- Pearl River
- Yazoo River



Scale 1:2,250,000

0 10 20 40 60 80 Miles

This map produced by the Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ), Office of Pollution Control, Surface Water Division, Water Quality Assessment Branch, Data Management Section on 15 February 2002.

The sources for the layers shown are from the MARIS and MDEQ.  
Map Projection: Mississippi Transverse Mercator

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